WOODLAND JOINT UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT



THIRD GRADE AVENUES ENGLISH LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT PACING GUIDE 2011-2012

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 - James Ale						S12 pag
T12-15	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Launch	Express	Action	Beginning:	No
T15a			Unit 1	feelings,	verbs	I want a I need a I am You are He is I	lan
T15b	*ELD3.LS7 Participate	*Sentences	pgs. T12-	intentions	T18c	think I think I like Yes, No. I don't think I	sce
T16e	in social conversations		15b	and	T18d	do not like	res
T16f	(I, 3, 4, 5).	*Action		opinions	T18g		The
Т16-17		Verbs	*Family			Early Intermediate:	
T18a-T18b	*ELD3.RI6 Read		Newsletter	T16e	Complete	I want I need He/she feels They are I	Eve
T18c-T18d	independently (3, 4, 5).	*Present	1	T16f	sentences	thinkbecause I like so Who is in your	
T18g		Tense		T18a	T23	family? I have and In my family we have	Fee
T18h	*ELD3.LS4 Speak to		*Language	T18g		people. We like to My mom likes to My	1. I
T35a-T35b	be understood $(1, 2, 3,$	*Genre	Songs Big	T28	Present	dad likes to, but when we are all together we really	foo
T18i-T30	4, 5).		Book, p.5	T29	tense	like to I will going. Then I am going to	2. V
T33		*Characters			action		3. S
T35a-	*ELD3.WC4 Use		*Song CD		verbs	Intermediate:	and
T35b(all)*	correct parts of speech	*Setting	I,Tracks 1-2		T29	I want, because I need because He	Op
T29	(5).					feels I feel, because I feel when	1. S
		*Sequence of	*Picture			She/he/they felt when I think she/he is	eve
*do in	*ELD3.LS2 Listen for	Events	Cards,			because What do you do when you get/are/feel?	tead
several	main points and details		DI-DII			When I, I get Why do/don't? Do you agree?	stuc
sessions	(2, 3, 4, 5).	*Main Idea				Yes, I agree Not really, I think? Do you think	Aft
			*Selection			that is a good/bad idea? I think students need to	con
	ELD3.R23 Identify	*Details	Reading CD			Give reasons. Students shouldbecause Can I add	
	sequence of events (1,		I,Tracks 1-2			an idea? My idea is similar, but I think How about	Aca
	2).	*Fact/Opinion				if we? agree, but I don't agree I disagree	1. F
			*Teacher's			because In my opinion students should Give	fav
	*ELD3.R20 Use text		Resource			reasons to support your opinion.	exp
	structures (4, 5).		Book,				$2.\tilde{S}$
			Master 2, 4			Early Advanced/Advanced:	eve
	Objectives: Students					Do you think it would be all right if I borrowed your _	teac
	will be able to					now? Could you loan me your? Would you be	stuc
	(SWBAT)					willing to let me borrow? Of course, you can	Aft
	*Use verbs correctly					borrow (now, when I finish). He's probably	con
						because I imagine he isthat When I, I	3.0
	*Identify sequence					often/ occasionally try to When I I But	stuc
						I(could/might/should) it would be a good	the
	*Relate main idea and					idea(better) to instead. To interject/contribute: Can I	
	details					add an idea? Maybe we should consider _	
	*Use context						
	clues/related						
	words						

Function Practice

2-13- Oral language strategies described on these ages of Teacher's Edition.

ote: Suggestions for Beginning level include producing inguage while working with concrete objects, acting out cenarios and sorting objects. At the beginning their esponses might include no words, just pointing etc. hen they will progress to one word responses.

veryday Application:

elings:

Interview students about their favorite things: music, bod, sport, subject, or past time.

- Write sentence and illustrate.
- Students select pictures of people showing emotions and they share 1 sentence describing emotions.

pinions:

Students brainstorm topic of interest to discuss (sport vent, class, school, or community issue etc.) Teacher aches vocabulary to discuss it. Using give one, get one udents contribute ideas and opinions. Variation: fterwards, students write three new ideas gleaned from onversations.

cademic Application:

Partners take turns telling each other about their vorite character in the recent story, giving reasons to xplain.

Students brainstorm topic of interest to discuss (sport vent, class, school, or community issue etc.) Teacher eaches vocabulary to discuss it. Using give one, get one udents contribute ideas and opinions. Variation: fterwards, students write three new ideas gleaned from

onversations.

Choose a relevant controversial current event and have udents express their opinion and supporting reasons. heir preferences (support opinions).

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 -						S1
	Central Park						pa
T38e T38f	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Language Songs Big	Express Likes and	Subject- Verb	Beginning: I like to I like your I like the way you I am	No pro
T38-T39 T40a-T40b	*ELD3.RII Use content vocabulary (2,	*Sentences	Book,p.5	Dislikes	Agreement T40c	Do you like?(yes/no) is my favorite subject.	ob be
T40c-T40d T40g T40h	3).*ELD3.LS4 Speak to	*Subject- Verb Agreement	*Song CD I,Tracks 1-2	T38e T38f T40a	T40d Present	Early Intermediate: Do you like? I don't like This is my friend I like to eat, but I do not like to eat I like the	por res
T40i-T54 T57	be understood (1, 2, 3, 4, 5).	*Present	*Picture Cards,	T40g T45	Tense Verbs	Do you like? I like/don't like My favorite is My favorite is It is I like to	Ev 1.H
T45 T53(all)	*ELD3.LS2 Listen for	Tense	DI-DII		T45	Intermediate:	car 2. 1
T55a T58a T60-T61	main points and details (2, 3, 4, 5).	*Action Verbs	*Selection Reading CD I, Tracks 3-		Statements with infinitives	I would like a, but no please. I would like to order a, but please do not put a on my I like because I likewhen	and fav 3.
T62-63	*ELD3.R24 Identify main idea (1, 2, 3, 4,5).	*Genre	4 *Teeshar's		T53	She/He/They like I think he/she is likes I like I like ing with	wc 4.
	*ELD3.WI5 Use correct parts of speech	*Photo-Essay *Captions	*Teacher's Resource Book,		Here is/are, There is/are	, but I don't like I enjoy/don't enjoying because I like better than	the 5. ord
	(5).	*Main Idea	Master 9		T53	Early Advanced/Advanced: Iyour drawing because it is I'd (prefer, rather	dri
	Objectives: SWBAT *Use context clues/related words	*Details				have) than because I like(reading, swimming, etc but prefer to/would rather(read, swim, run etc.)	Ac 1. thi
	*Use verbs correctly	*Conclusion					2. par alt
	*Relate main idea and details						
	*Draw conclusions						

Function Practice

S12-13- Oral language strategies described on these pages of Teacher's Edition.

Note: Suggestions for Beginning level include producing language while working with concrete objects, acting out scenarios and sorting objects. At the beginning their responses might include no words, just pointing etc. Then they will progress to one word responses.

Everyday Application:

1. Have children express likes and dislikes using picture cards as prompts.

2. Have students say please and thank you. I want ___, and I like ___ as they pretend to order and eat their favorite restaurant foods.

3. Using activity cards, have students respond yes I would like to ____ or I would not like to ____.

4. Using activity cards have students accept or decline he activity and state why if possible.

5. Have students pretend they are at a restaurant and order specially cooked foods to their tastes, or order a drink to their specific tastes.

Academic Application:

1. Conduct interviews and surveys about favorite hings, music, food, hobbies, sports, or books.

2. Each student writes sentences telling about a favorite pastime. Illustrate for homework and collect in a class album.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1-						S1
	The Ugly Vegetables						pa
10 days T64-T67 T67b T68e T68f T68-T69 T70a-T70b T70c-T70d T70g T70h T70i-T94 T97 T75(all) T98b		*Defining *Sentences *Questions *Commands *Genre *Characters *Setting *Personal *Narrative *Compare *Contrast *Cycle	*Launch Unit 2 pgs T64- T67b *Family Newsletter 2 *Language Songs Big Book,p.9 *Song CD I,Tracks 7-8 *Picture Cards, D12-D24 *Selection Reading CD I, Tracks 5- 7 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master II, 12	Ask and Answer Questions T68e-f T70c-d T101a-b Express Feelings, praise, compliments, T88-89 Give and Follow Directions T95	Questions and Commands T70d	Beginning: I need help. I need Can you help me? Can you again? Who is it? What is it? Where is it? Is it? What is the word? What is your like? It is Tell me about the It is Is this a, yes/no this is/is not a Is big, yes/no a is/is not big. Can it (verb)? Where is? On the Where is _? Pointing answer. Early Intermediate: Can you again? Who is it? What is it? Where is it? Is it? What is the word? What does the have? It has and Where is (noun)? (noun) is (preposition) the Where is the parking lot? It is the Intermediate: What does mean? When does begin/end? What does it mean to? What does he/she do? How much is/are? How many? How much does? I'm confused. Will you please explain it to me again? After I, what do I do? What are we supposed to do after ? I have a question about? Could we? Why don't whales have scales? Why don't? May I ask a question? Early Advanced/Advanced: Can you help me figure out how to? I need your help figuring out how to Do you know whether? I understand, but why	pa No pro ob be poor res Ex 1. cla 2. use 3. Cfr 4. ch 5. ch 6. en Ac 1. infl 2. ex

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Everyday Application:

1. In pairs, ask and answer questions about the classroom.

2. Role-play: person needing directions to play a game, use a computer program, etc.

3. Play guessing games, such as 20 questions, Go Fish, Charades.

4. Play a guessing game about an animal using its characteristics as clues.

5. Play a guessing game about sounds and characteristics _____ sounds like _____ and is _____ in color, and _____ in size and lives in _____.

5. Describe in detail an animal; give the specifics of the environment or habitat.

Academic Application:

 Students write a list of questions to obtain nformation about a topic they are researching.
 Students ask questions to clarify what kind of experiments they can or can't do for their science project.

3. Avenues related activity p. T6bf

4. Students sit in inside/outside circle. Outside circle asks questions about vegetables, Inside circle answers questions.

5. Use How Plants Grow from Theme library. Show students the cover and preview photos. Have students dictate is/are and who, what, where, and why questions. Read aloud the selection and have students answer their questions.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 - How		1105001005				S
5	a Plant Grows						pa
T102e	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Language	Ask and	Verbs: am,	Beginning:	N
T102f			Songs Big	Answer	is	I need help. I need Can you help me? Can you	pr
T102-T103	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	Book,p.9	Questions	T104d	again? Who is it? What is it? Where is it? Is it?	ob
T104a-	independently (3, 4, 5).			T102e-		What is the word? What is your like? It is Tell	be
T104b		*Genre	*Song CD	T102f	Action	me about the It is Is this a, yes/no this is/is	pc
T104c-	*ELD3.LS4 Speak to		I,Tracks 7-8	T112	Verbs	not a Is big, yes/no a is/is not big. Can it	re
T104d	be understood $(1, 2, 3,$	*Science			T109	(verb)? Where is? On the Where is	
T104g	4, 5).		*Picture	Define		? Pointing answer.	E
T104h		*Article	Cards,	and	Has/have		1.
T104i-T114	*ELD3.R24 Identify		D12-D24	Explain	T113	Early Intermediate:	2.
T117	main idea (1, 2, 3, 4,	*Section		T111	T120	Can you again? Who is it? What is it? Where is it?	as
T118a	5).		*Selection			Is it? What is the word? What does the have? It	qu
T109(all)		*Headings	Reading CD		Verb	has and Where is(noun)?(noun) is	3.
T112	*ELD3.LS7 Participate		I, Tracks 5-		Agreement	(preposition) the Where is the parking lot?	st
T113	in social conversations	*Diagrams	7		T111d	It is the	di
T120-T121	(I, 3, 4, 5).				T120-121		R
T122-T123		*Captions	*Teacher's			Intermediate:	qu
	*ELD3.WC4 Use		Resource			What does mean? When doesbegin/end? What	4.
	correct parts of speech	*Glossary	Book,			does it mean to? What does he/she do?	cl
	(5).		Master 13,			How much is/are? How many? How much does	5.
		*Main Idea	16			? I'm confused. Will you please explain it to me	us
	Objectives: SWBAT					again? After I, what do I do? What are we supposed	6.
	*Use context clues	*Details				to do after? I have a question about?	C
	related words					Could we? Why don't whales have scales? Why	
		*Object				don't? May I ask a question?	A
	*Ask and answer						1.
	questions					Early Advanced/Advanced:	in
						Can you help me figure out how to? I need your help	2.
	*Use verbs correctly					figuring out how to Do you know whether? I	ex
						understand, but why? What is the difference	pr
	*Relate main idea and					between and? It's, isn't it? Thatisn'tis	
	details					it? Those are, aren't they? Those aren't, are	
						they? Do you (think, know whether, have an idea, and	
						have more information about?	

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

I.Avenues related activity p. T6bf

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Academic Application:

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 Students ask questions to clarify what kind of experiments they can or can't do for their science project.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 - The						S :
	Fox in the Moon						pa
T125-T127	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Launch	Ask For and	Nouns and	Beginning:	N
T127a			Unit 3	Give	Articles	I need help. Help me, please What is it? It is	pr
T127b	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	pgs.T124-	Information	T130c-	Can you help me? Can you (do/find/make, etc.)	ot
T128e	independently (3, 4, 5).		T127b	T128e	T130d	it? Can you say it again, please? Who is it? Where is	be
T128f		*Nouns		T128f		it? When is it? Is it? What is it? It is What is	pc
T128-T129	*ELD3.LS4 Speak to		*Family		Plural s, es,	your like? It is Tell me about the It is	re
T130a-	be understood $(1, 2, 3,$	*Genre	Newsletter	Ask for	T141	Is big, yes/no a is/is not big. It is(color	
T130b	4, 5).		3	Clarification		/adjective) It has(noun).	E
T130c-		*Folk tale		T130c	Possessive		1.
T130d	*EL03.R37 Identify		*Language	T130d	nouns	Early Intermediate:	th
T130g	plot (2).	*Characters	Songs		T149	Help me, please. Can you help me? Can you	ab
T130h			Big Book,			(do/find/make, etc) it? Can you repeat it again,	2.
T153a-	*ELD3.LS 7	*Setting	p.13		Plural	please? Who is it? When is it? Where is it? Is it?	pr
T153b	Participate in social	C			nouns es, y	What does the have? It has and	3.
T130i-T148	conversations (1, 3, 4,	*Goals	*Song CD		to i	This is a Do you know what it feels like? Yes, it	ga
T151	5).		I,Tracks 13-		T158d	feels like Is this a, yes/no this is/is not a	U
T141		*Outcomes	14		T163	What does alook like? It has(article	A
T146-T147	*ELD3. WC4 Use					+adjective/noun) Is it(color?) No it is	1.
T153a-	correct parts of speech	*Moon	*Picture		Irregular	(color). What shape is it? It is a	to
T153b(all)	(5).	Phases	Cards,		Plurals	Something(object) (looks, sounds, feels,	2.
T149			D25-035		T168	smells, tastes) It looks, sounds, feels, etc.	Sł
	Objectives: SWBAT	*Moon's				I have a He/she is He/she has	A
		Orbit	*Selection			adjective/nounis/has It/He/She	3.
	*Use context		Reading CD			is He/She was Mynoun was	Tł
	clues/related words	*Solar	I, Tracks			adjective adjective. It (noun)	to
		System	12-14			looks/sounds/feels/smells/tastes like	fe
	*Use nouns correctly						re
		*Fact File	*Teacher's			Intermediate:	4.
	*Relate goals and	Cards	Resource			I have a question about? Why do/don't? May I	in
	outcomes		Book,			ask a question? Why do/does/doesn't? Can?	pl
			Master 19			Could? Where do/does? What do/does/doesn't	pl
						? How do/does/doesn't? When do/does?	1
						Why did? When did?	
						Early Advanced/ Advanced:	
						Do you (think, know whether, have an idea, and have	
						more information about? I understand why, but	
						why? What is the difference between and	
						a? What would (be the best, you consider,	
						you do, you want, etc.)	
						you do, you want, etc.)	

Function Practice

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Note: Suggestions for Beginning level include producing language while working with concrete objects, acting out scenarios and sorting objects. At the beginning their responses might include no words, just pointing etc. Then they will progress to one word responses.

Everyday Application:

1. Students give information about a hobby or sport they enjoy. Student listeners create questions to ask about the topic. Student presenter answers.

2. In pairs ask and answer questions about classroom procedures and rules.

3. Role play a person needing directions to play a game. Use a computer program, etc.

Academic Application:

1. Students write a list of questions to answer about a topic they are researching.

2. Students write questions and interview someone. Share with their peers the information they learned. Avenues:

3. T128f Read The Moon Book by Gail Gibbons from Theme Library. Display the cover and turn the pages to share the moon pictures. Have the group dictate a few questions that they think the book can answer. The read the section

4. "Phases of the moon" while students listen for information. T153a Students write questions about planets in the solar system. Students research their planet and create a fact card on that planet.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 - The Moon						S1 pa
T156e	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Language	Make	Plural	Beginning:	No
T156f		0	Songs	comparisons	nouns(s	A _ is/hasisis nothave are	pro
T156-T157	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	Big Book,	T156e-T156f	`	Tell me about your It has It has and My	ob
T158a-	independently (3, 4, 5).		p.13	T158f	T158e	is, but it is not Apples are(fruit).	be
T158b	1 5 () /)	*Nouns	1	T161	T158d	Birds have(feathers). He is(tall/short) She is	po
T158c-	*ELD3.LS4 Speak to		*Song CD	T170-171		(loud/quiet)They are both It is(color).	res
T158d	be understood $(1, 2, 3,$	*Genre	I,Tracks 13-		Plural	Early Intermediate:	
T158g	4, 5).		14		nouns y	is nothave are Tell me about your	Ev
T158h		*Science			to $i + es$,	It has, and In reading groups we may	1.
T158i-T169	*ELD3.WC4 Use	*Article	*Picture		T163	but we may not I live in, it has My	lik
T171	correct parts of speech		Cards,			pencil is(long/short) The(noun) is	2.
T163	(5).	*Maps	D25-035		Irregular	(adjective) .I am taller than the The is	co
T173a(all)		1			plurals	shorter than me. What is(longer/shorter)? They both	3.
T174-T175	*ELD3.R20 Use text	*Section	*Selection		T168	haveDolphins have Fish have They	an
T176-T177	structures (4,5).		Reading CD			both They both have and The	4.I
		*Headings	I, Tracks		Speaking/	had/doesn't/didn't have The difference	ha
	*ELD3.LS7 Participate	e	15-16		Writing	between and is He likes to but my	5.0
	in social conversations	*Captions			plural	dad likes to We think both girls and boys can	we
	(1, 3, 4, 5).	1	*Teacher's		nouns	Intermediate:	6.
		*Diagrams	Resource		T174-175	Bothand can Both and arecan	do
	*ELD3.LSII	C	Book,			butis, butis They both have,	us
	Summarize main ideas	*Compare	Master 22,			buthave They are both Tell me about your	or
	(4).	I	24			neighborhood. How does it look, smell, sound? In my	7.
		*Contrast				neighborhood all the apartments/house have, but	8.
	Objectives: SWBAT					they do not have The difference between the	9.
		*Summarize				and is that they both have The has	de
	*Use context					and the other has They are both But	
	clues/related	*Astronauts				they are different because they	
	words					Early Advanced/ Advanced:	A
		*Symbol				Aiscompared to aand are similar	1.
	*Use nouns correctly	5				because they both They are different because,	2.
	5					and They way they alike is that they both	or
	*Compare and contrast					are/have There are several major differences	3.
	1					between and They resemble each other because	res
	*Summarize					they both have and A notable difference is that	are
						thehas, whereas the has Despite the fact	4.
						that can, they are. You might think. On the	an
						contrary,	5.
							ex
							WI

Page 6

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

Compare things you like to do with activities a friend likes to do.

2. Describe what activities you do in the summer compared to the activities you do in the winter.

3. Explain why you prefer pet/book/movie/etc. over another based on their characteristics.

4. Explain preferences. I like pizza. It takes better than namburgers.

5.Compare everyday events and objects such as weather, classroom objects, pets, sports

6. Play a guessing game about everyday objects--why to they sound like, what color are they, where are they usually found, who uses them, etc... in groups of two or three.

7. Play "I Spy." in groups of two or three.

8. Rank items on a scale.

9. Play card or board games calling on use of lescriptive phrases that can be turned into comparatives.

Academic Application:

. Compare the actions of two different characters.

2. Compare how two different types of animals behave or respond to the same situation.

3. Discuss orally or in writing the actions or responsibilities required of two careers in which you are interested.

4. Differentiate one habitat or environment from nother.

5. Compare two different objects/people/animals and explain differences and similarities orally and in writing.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 - Gluskabe and Old Man Winter	, occounty rocus					S pa
T178-T181 T181a T181b T182e T186f T182-T183 T184a- T184b T184c- T184d T184g T184d T184g T184h T184i-T204 T207 T189(all) T188 T200-T201 T202 T203	Mail whiteELD Standards:*ELD3.RI6 Read independently (3, 4, 5).*ELD3.LS4 Speak to be understood (1, 2, 3, 4, 5).*ELD3.R20 Use text structures (4, 5).*ELD3.R23 Identify sequence of events (1, 2).*ELD3. WI5 Write with standard grammar (1, 2, 3).Objectives: SWBAT *Use context clues/related words*Use pronouns correctly*Relate problem and solution	*Defining *Sentences *Pronouns *Synonyms *Antonyms *Genre *Play *Stage *Directions *Characters *Setting *Problem *Solution *Landscape	*Family Newsletter 4 *Language Songs Big Book, p.17 *Song CD I,Tracks 19- 20 *Picture Cards, 036-D47 *Selection Reading CD 2, Tracks 2- 5 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master 27	Describe people and places T182e- T182f T200-T201 T209c- T209d	Subject pronouns T184c- T184d Pronouns T189 T195 Prepositions T195 Pronouns T202 T205	Beginning: It/She/He is It has She/He/It is _ and The setting is The time is He/she The N V. TheyIt It is (adjective) The _ ball. The _ boy. They have Early Intermediate: She/He/It is _ and The setting is The time is We a _ and V N. The N V. She/he is I am We are They are The girl is The ball is _ and I have a sweater it is Intermediate: looks like sounds like It/He/She has adj. noun, ex: She has brown hair. The forest has a narrow path is because Old Man Winter is selfish because he won't leave. A word that describes A word that describes gluskabe is determined because he never gives up. Early Advanced/ Advanced: is a who James Ale is a determined boy who works hard to get a park for the children. I would describe as because I would describe Gluskabe as clever because he grabs the summer stick from the Summer Land people.	N pi ol be po re E 1. 2. m 3. a 4. 5. oi 6. pa A 1. pa 2. 3. 4. 5. st

Function Practice

S12-13- Oral language strategies described on these pages of Teacher's Edition.

Note: Suggestions for Beginning level include producing language while working with concrete objects, acting out scenarios and sorting objects. At the beginning their responses might include no words, just pointing etc. Then they will progress to one word responses.

Everyday Application:

1. Describe a person, detail, orally and in writing.

2. Describe the character traits of a friend or family members using specific details.

3. Play a guessing game to ask specific questions about a person's personality attributes.

4. Describe to someone a place they haven't been.

5. Create a visual of and describe in detail a place orally and in writing.

6. Provide clues about very similar pictures so that a partner can guess which one you're describing.

Academic Application:

1. Visualize a setting from a story and describe it to a partner, group, class, etc.

2. Describe the best habitat for a particular animal.

3. Give a detailed description of a landscape.

4. Write a character sketch of the main character from a story.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 – Sky Tree						S1 pa
T212e T212f T212-T213 T214a- T214b T214c- T214d T214g T214h T214i-T230 T233 T222 T234a T225 T234a T236-T237 T238-T239	 ELD Standards: *ELD3.RI6 Read independently (3, 4, 5). *ELD3.LS4 Speak to be understood (1, 2, 3, 4, 5). *ELD3.R20 Use text structures (4, 5). *ELD3.LS7 Participate in social conversations (1, 3, 4, 5). *ELD3.WC4 Use correct parts of speech (5). *ELD3.LS11 Summarize main ideas (4). Objectives: SWBAT *Use context clues/related words *Use adjectives correctly *Classify details *Summarize 	*Defining *Sentences *Adjectives *Genre *Art Essay *Painting *Illustration *Caption *Classify *Summarize *Nature *Scene	*Song CD I, Tracks 21-22 *Picture Cards, 036-D47 *Selection Reading CD 2, Tracks 6- 8 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master 33, 35	Describe T212e- T212f T231	Adjectives T214c- T214d T222 Prepositions T225 Pronouns T236-T237	Beginning: It/She/He is It has She/He/It is and The setting is It is (adjective) They have It is(adjective). Jessica isand Lorena is They(V) and Early Intermediate: She/He/It is and The setting is The time is We a and V N. The N V. She/he is I am We are They are The girl is The ball is and I have a sweater it is Intermediate: looks like sounds like I/He/She has adj. noun . ex. She has brown hair. The forest has a narrow path is because Old Man Winter is selfish because he won't leave. A word that describes is A word that describes Gluskabe is determined because he never gives up. Early Advanced/ Advanced: is a who James Ale is a determined boy who works hard to get a park for the children. I would describe Gluskabe as clever because he grabs the summer stick from the Summer Land people.	No pro obj beg pol res Ev 1. 2. me 3. a p 4. 5. ora 6. par Ac 1. par 4. sto

Function Practice

S12-13- Oral language strategies described on these pages of Teacher's Edition.

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Everyday Application:

 Describe a person, detail, orally and in writing.
 Describe the character traits of a friend or family nembers using specific details.

3. Play a guessing game to ask specific questions about a person's personality attributes.

4. Describe to someone a place they haven't been. 5. Create a visual of and describe in detail a place brally and in writing.

5. Provide clues about very similar pictures so that a partner can guess which one you're describing.

Academic Application:

1. Visualize a setting from a story and describe it to a partner, group, class, etc.

2. Describe the best habitat for a particular animal.

3. Give a detailed description of a landscape.

4. Write a character sketch of the main character from a story.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 -						S
	Deserts						p
T240-T243	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Launch	Define and	Complete	This function requires student to: 1. Tell what the	ľ
T243a			Unit 5	Explain	Sentences	word means 2. Name its parts 3. Give an example	p
T243b	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	pgs. T240-	T244-T244f	T246d		C
T244e	Independently (3, 4,5).		243b			Beginning/Early Intermediate:	b
T244f		*Genre			Action	A is are A has	p
T244-T245	*ELD3.WC3 Use		*Family		Linking	can have means An	r
T246a-	standard word order	*Science	Newsletter		Verbs	example is	
T246b	(3,4, 5).		5		T251		F
T246c-		*Article				Intermediate:	1
T246d	*ELD3.R24 Identify		*Language		Subject	Ais because It includes,, and	e
T246g	main idea (1, 2, 3, 4,	*Diagrams	Songs Big		Predicate		e
T246h	5).		Book, p.21		T253	Early Advanced/Advanced:	A
T246i-T260		*Table	_		T261	Althoughis, sometimesis	1
T263	*ELD3.LS7 Participate		*Song CD			known as An example is However, it is	a
T251	in social conversations	*Graphs	2, Tracks 1-		Subject/Verb		2
T265a-	(1, 3, 4, 5).	_	2		Agreement		a
T265b		*Maps			T261		e
T253	*ELD3.LSII	_	*Picture				3
T265a-	Summarize main ideas	*Main Idea	Cards,				Γ
T265b(all)	(4).		D48-D60				4
T261		*Classify					v
	Objectives: SWBAT		*Selection				S
		*Diagrams	Reading CD				p
	*Use context		2, Tracks 9-				5
	clues/related words	*Traits	11				a
							Γ
	*Interpret graphic aids	*Abilities	*Teacher's				
			Resource				
	*Distinguish		Book,				
	fact/opinion		Master 40				

Function Practice

S12-13- Oral language strategies described on these pages of Teacher's Edition.

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Everyday Application:

1. Students define and explain specific school environments, such as the classroom, library, cafeteria, etc.

Academic Application:

1.Explain what an ecosystem is. Tell about the plants and animals that live there.

2.Define the desert biome. Explain about the weather and what animals and plants do adapt to this environment.

3.Avenues Application: T244f Read Theme Library The Tortoise and the Jackrabbit by Susan Lowell.4.Students create a mural and then define and explain what a desert is like. Using Feldman teaching strategies students define and explain the story vocabulary with pictures and examples.

5. Students create diagrams with captions of animals and desert plants. Explain their drawing to a partner. T264a&b

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 – Lost						S1 pa
T268e T268f T268-T269 T270a- T270b T270c- T270d T270g T270h T270i-T286 T289 T284-T285 T287a T290a T276-T277 T281 T292-293 T294-T295	ELD Standards: *ELD3.RI6 Read independently (3, 4, 5). *ELD3.LS4 Speak to be understood (1, 2, 3, 4, 5). *ELD3.R20 Use text structures (4, 5). *ELD3.R23 Identify sequence of events (1,2). *ELD3.LS7 Participate in social conversations (1, 3, 4, 5). *ELD3.WC4 Use correct parts of speech (5). Objectives: SWBAT *Use context clues/related words *Use verbs correctly *Identify sequence	*Defining *Sentences *Present *Tense *Verbs *Past Tense Verbs *Genre *Adventure *Characters *Setting *Sequence of Events *Persuade	*Language Songs Big Book, p.21 *Song CD 2,Tracks 1- 2 *Picture Cards, D48-D60 *Selection Reading CD 2, Tracks 12 - 14 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master 41, 42	Persuade T268e- T268f T282-T283	Present and Past tense verbs T270c- T270d Regular Past tense T280 Irregular past tense T287 T292-T293	Beginning/Early Intermediate: I think should I believe You must Please You need to Intermediate: I think/believe is better than because is/are It is my opinion that I am concerned about My reason is It seems to me that I would like to begin by You may think Ny reason is I seems to me that I would like to begin by You may think You might also consider I recognize that, but Early Advanced/Advanced: First of all, I would like to say After much thought/discussion, I think Though not everyone will agree, I think/believe I have based my opinion on Before you decide, I would like you to consider/think about my reasons for believing You may think, but here's the problem I think I have shown that	No proof be po res Ev 1.J Stuse 1.J 2.S us 3.2 Fla

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

1.Brainstorm issues that the students have opinions on. Students decide if they are for or against the issue. Use sentence frames to debate with peers.

Academic Application:

Persuade a classmate to help you with a chore.
 Students create a commercial to persuade viewers to use their product or service.

3.Avenues Applications: Create a lost dog poster for Flag. Persuade your classmates to help find Flag.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 – A Picnic in October	vocadulary Focus	Kesources	Function	Focus	Frames	S1 pa
	SELECTION 1 – A	*Defining *Defining *Sentences *Helping *Verbs *Contractions *Prefixes *Suffixes *Genre *Realistic *Fiction *Characters *Setting *Symbols	*Launch Unit 6 pgs. T296- 299 *Family Newsletter 6 *Language Songs Big Book, p.25 *Song CD 2,Tracks 7- 8 *Picture Cards, D61- D69 *Selection Reading CD 2, Tracks 15-18 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master 48, 49	Elaborate T300e- T300f T324-T325	Helping Verbs T302c- T302d Present Progressive verbs T310 Compound sentences T317 T323	Elaboration requires student to name an event and then tell who was there, where it was and what happened. Beginning/Early Intermediate: was there. (who) I/we/she/he/they(verb)	
	*Use verbs correctly *Use pronouns *Analyze story elements: character and setting						

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Function Practice

S12-13- Oral language strategies described on these pages of Teacher's Education.

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Everyday Application:

1.Tell about a special time with your family. Be sure to tell who was there, what you did, where and when this event took place.

Academic Application:

1. Choose an event from a story. Elaborate on the details of the event.

2. Find out about a special food eaten on a special holiday in another culture. Use your elaboration skills to share with a partner.

3. Look at pictures from a story. Elaborate on the details you see in the picture T 324.

4.Note box labeled Oral Language Dev. T33a-b Lesson of Learning about symbols.

5.Students can research Ellis Island elaborating on what they know from the story and their research. T314-315.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 -						S
	Respectfully Yours, Eve Bunting						p
10 days T336e T336f T336-337 T338a- T338b T338c- T338d T338g T338h T338i-T352 T340-T341 T356b T343 T350-T351 T353a T356b T358-T359 T360-T361	Respectfully Yours, Eve BuntingELD Standards:*ELD3.RI6 Read independently (3, 4, 5).*ELD3.RI9 Use text features and parts of a book (1, 2, 3, 4, 5).*ELD3.LS4 Speak to be understood (1, 2, 3, 4, 5).*ELD3.R25 Identify cause and effect (3, 4, 5).*ELD3.WC4 Use correct parts of speech (5).	*Defining *Sentences *Irregular Past Tense Verbs *Common Nouns *Proper Nouns *Genre *Interview *Cause Effect *Conclusion *Immigration	*Language Songs Big Book, p.25 *Song CD 2,Tracks 7- 8 *Picture Cards, D61-D69 *Selection Reading CD 2, Tracks 19-21 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master 52	Tell an Original Story T336e- T336f	Irregular past tense verbs T338c- T338d T343 Common & Proper nouns T345 T358- T359 T353	Beginning: is a character. The setting is The plot is They went They were going to Early Intermediate: They went and They were going to After that they and Then she Intermediate: First,went Then, _had to Next, there was At the beginning, went to and Then he so After, he because Finally, he but was	S: particular production producti
	Objectives: SWBAT *Use context clues/related words *Use verbs correctly						
	*Use nouns						
	*Relate cause and effect						

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

1. Fill out story map whole class and orally practice frames using the information.

2. Partners take turns. One student names a character and what the character did or is doing (can use information from story map), each repeating each others sentence.

3. Teacher can start a story and students add to eat verbally using frames.

Academic Application:

1. Pass the Pen, working in small groups; students take turns writing sentences on sentence strips or on butcher paper, adding details to the group story.

Students can fill out a story map in partners and write a story together after teacher has modeled.
 Students independently fill out a story map and

create original story.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 -						S1 2
	Rosa Maria's Mice						pa
	and Beans						
T362-T365	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Launch	Use	Adjectives	In Modeling appropriate language students must	No
T365a			Unit 7	Appropriate	that compare	learn to adjust their rate of speech and the formality	pro
T365b	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	pgs. T362-	Language	T368c	language to match the audience and the occasion.	obj
T366e	independently (3, 4,		365	T366e-		Use both informal and informal frames.	beg
T366f	5).	*Adjectives		T366f	Comparative		poi
T366-T367			*Family	T388-T389	/Superlative	Beginning:	res
T368a-	*ELD3.LS4 Speak to	*Contractions	Newsletter		Adjectives	Hello, I'm Hey, Tom. I'm Hi! Hey! Goodbye,	_
T368b	be understood $(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)$				T368d	Bye Hello, my name is Goodbye. Good	
T368c-	4, 5).	*Suffixes	Ψ Τ		T385	morning, my name is Hi, I am	1.H
T368d	*ELD2 WC4 Llas	*Carara	*Language		T397		anr
T368g	*ELD3.WC4 Use	*Genre	Songs Big		Nagativa	Forly Intermedictor	auc
T368h T368i-T396	correct parts of speech	*Eantagy	Book, p.29		Negative Sentences	Early Intermediate:	stu
T3081-T390 T399	(5).	*Fantasy	*Song CD		T377	My name is What is your name? Hi, I am He/she isI live on street. I am in grade. How are	Ac
T385	*ELD3.R20 Use text	*Characters	2,Tracks		13/7	you? I'm Thanks. Hello. My name is My	1. S
T386-T387	structures (4, 5).	Characters	13-14		Contractions	friend	2.1
T370-T371	structures (+, 5).	*Setting	13 14		with not		tea
T397	*ELD3.LS7 Participate	Setting	*Picture		T377	Intermediate:	3.1
T400a	in social conversations	*Compare	Cards,			Good evening, Ms How are you? I would like	inti
	(1, 3, 4, 5).	1	070-D87			you to meet my Hello, I'm It's a pleasure to meet	4.
		*Dinner Party				you. I'm doing well. Thanks for asking. How are	int
	*ELD3. WI5 Write	_	*Selection			you? Its been a pleasure meeting you. Ladies and	exc
	with standard grammar	*Role-Play	Reading CD			gentlemen, _ and _ will now V the	5. 5
	(2, 3).		3, Tracks 1-				res
			3			Early Advanced/Advanced:	6. \
	*ELD3.R29					Good evening, Mr How are you? It is a pleasure to	
	Distinguish between		*Teacher's			see you again. I would like you to meet my (friend,	
	genres (1).		Resource			father etc). It was (great, wonderful) to meet you.	
			Book,			has told me about you. Would you like to with	
	Objectives: SWBAT		Master 60,			me? Yes, thanks I'd that. Would you like to	
	*Use context		61			come to(event) at(location) on(date)?	
	clues/related words						
	*Use suffixes						
	*Use adjectives						
	*Make comparisons						

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

1. Have students role play making introductions, announcements and invitations to a variety of audiences (peers, parents, teachers, principal, a younger student, etc.)

Academic Application:

Students practice how to greet a special visitor.
 Practice a dialogue to introduce your parents to your eacher during the Back to School Night.
 Mini- performance (skit, role play, dialogue)

ntroducing self to new student.

4. Introduce a special person to the class, in the ntroduction share what special qualities makes this an exciting guest speaker.

5. Students practice and write a skit extending and responding to an invitation to go to the movies.

5. Write a note inviting someone to your birthday.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 - Good Enough to Eat						S12 pag
T404e T404f T404-T405 T406a- T406b T406c- T406d T406g T406h T406i-T416 T419 T420b T412-T413 T420a T420b T422-T423 T424-T425	 ELD Standards: *ELD3.RI6 Read independently (3, 4, 5). *ELD3.LS4 Speak to be understood (1, 2, 3, 4, 5). *ELD3.R24 Identify main idea (1, 4, 5). *ELD3.RII Use content vocabulary (2, 3). *ELD3.WC4 Use correct parts of speech (5). Objectives:SWBAT *Use context clues/related words *Use verbs correctly *Use adjectives *Relate main idea and details 	 *Defining *Sentences *Irregular *Adjectives *Modals *Genre *Science *Science *Article *Charts *Heading *Column *Photos *Captions *Diagrams *Main Idea *Details *Exercise *Pulse Rate 	*Language Songs Big Book, p.29 *Song CD 2,Tracks 13-14 *Picture Cards, 070-D87 *Selection Reading CD 3, Tracks 4- 5 *Teacher's Resource Book, Master 70	Give Information T404e- T404f	Irregular adjectives T406c-d Commas in a series T411 Modals T417	Beginning: A	8. 5

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

 Describe what is happening in a picture to a partner.
 Ask and answer questions about what is happening on the playground, in the cafeteria/office.

B. Ask and answer questions about what you see people loing on your way to school, at the park, at the store.
A. After looking at a picture for 30 seconds, describe what the people did and didn't do to your partner. Take urns. You can look at the picture again to see more letails.

5. Looking out the window, write 3 sentences lescribing what you see.

5. Describe weather events that have or have not occurred during the past week.

7. Ask question about your past experiences such as, " Have you ever..? How long have you been Ving?"
8. Students give information about a hobby or sport hey enjoy. Student listeners create questions to ask bout the topic. Student presenter answers.

9. In pairs ask and answer questions about classroom procedures and rules.

10. Role play a person needing directions to play a game. Use a computer program, etc.

Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 1 -						S1
	Faraway Home						pa
T426-T429	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Launch	Make	Pronouns	Beginning:	No
T429a			Unit 8	Comparisons	T432c	A _ is/hasisis nothave are	pro
T429b	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	pgs. T426-	T430e-	T432d	Tell me about your It has and My	ob
T430e	independently $(3, 4, 5)$.		429	T430f	T446	is, but it is not Apples are(fruit).	be
T430f		*Pronouns		T453		Birds have(feathers). He is(tall/short) She is	po
T430-T431	*(ELD3.LS4 Speak to		*Family	T456b	Future	(loud/quiet)They are both It is(color).	res
T432a-	be understood $(1, 2, 3,$	*Future	Newsletter		Tense		
T432b	4, 5).	Tense	8		T453	Early Intermediate:	Ev
T432c-						is nothave are Tell me about your	1.1
T432d	*ELD3.R25 Identify	*Genre	*Language			It has, and In reading groups we may but	ha
T432g	cause and effect (4, 5).		Songs Big			we may not I live in, it has My pencil is	2.0
T432h		*Realistic	Book, p.33			(long/short) The(noun) is(adjective) .I	we
T432i-T452	*ELD3.R37 Identify	Fiction				am taller than the The is shorter than me.	3.
T455	plot (2, 4).		*Song CD			What is(longer/shorter)? They both have	do
T453		*Characters	2,Tracks			Dolphins have Fish have They both	us
T456a	*ELD3.WC4 Use		19-20			They both have and The	or
T456b	correct parts of speech	*Setting				had/doesn't/didn't have The difference	4.
	(5).		*Picture			between and is He likes to but my	5.
		*Cause	Cards,			dad likes to We think both girls and boys can	de
	*ELD3.R34 Describe	Effect	D88-D96				co
	characters (1, 2).					Intermediate:	
		*Compare	*Selection			Bothand can Both and arecan	
	*ELD3.R20 Use text		Reading CD			but cant is They both have, but	
	structures (4, 5).	*Traits	3, Tracks 6-			have They are both	1.0
			9				mo
	Objectives: SWBAT					Early Advanced/ Advanced:	2.
	*Use context		*Teacher's			Aiscompared to aandare similar	an
	clues/related words		Resource			because they both They are different because,	WI
			Book,			and, They way they alike is that they both	3.
	*Use pronouns		Master 73,			are/have There are several major differences between	
			75			and They resemble each other because they both	4.0
	*Use verbs correctly					have and A notable difference is that the has,	ali
						whereas the has Despite the fact that can,	5.0
	*Relate cause and					they are You might think On the contrary,	
	effect						
	*Analyze story						
	elements: problems,						
	character's feelings						
	and traits						

Function Practice

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Everyday Application:

1.Explain preferences. I like pizza. It takes better than namburgers.

2.Compare everyday events and objects such as weather, classroom objects, pets, sports.

3. Play a guessing game about everyday objects--why do they sound like, what color are they, where are they usually found, who uses them, etc... in groups of two or three.

4. Play "I Spy." in groups of two or three.

5. Play card or board games calling on use of descriptive phrases that can be turned into comparatives.

Academic Application:

1.Compare one habitat to another. ie. deserts to nountains.

2. Compare two different objects, characters, stories and explain differences and similarities orally and in writing.

3. Compare your favorite place with that of a sibling or close friend.

4.Compare how Desta's life and her father's life are alike and different. T456b

5. Compare characters from two different stories.

Third Gro	ade Unit 8: Family	y Gifts					
Instructional Period	Content Standards and Learning Objectives	Academic Vocabulary Focus	Curriculum and Resources	Language Function	Grammar Focus	Sentence Frames	
10 days	SELECTION 2 - The						S1
10 uays	Gift of Words						pa
T460e	ELD Standards:	*Defining	*Language	Make	Subject	Beginning:	No
T460f			Songs Big	comparisons	and Object	A _ is/hasisis nothave are	pro
T460-T461	*ELD3.RI6 Read	*Sentences	Book, p.33	T460f	Pronouns	Tell me about your It has and	ob
T462a-	independently (3, 4, 5).				T462c-	My is, but it is not Apples are	beg
T462b		*Pronouns	*Song CD		T462d	(fruit). Birds have(feathers). He is	po
T462c-	*ELD3.LS4 Speak to		2,Tracks		T480-481	(tall/short) She is(loud/quiet) They are both	res
T462d	be understood (1, 2, 3,	*Future	19-20			It is(color).	
T462g	4, 5).	Tense			Future		Ev
T462h			*Picture		Tense	Early Intermediate:	1.E
T462i-T474	*ELD3.R21 Relate text	*Genre	Cards,		T475	is nothave are Tell me about your	hai
T477	to experience $(1, 2, 3,$		D88-D96			It has, and In reading groups we may	2.0
T475	4).	*Poetry				but we may not I live in, it has My	we
T478a-			*Selection			pencil is(long/short) The(noun) is	3.
T478b(all)	*ELD3.WC4 Use	*Stanzas	Reading CD			(adjective) .I am taller than theThe is	do
T480-T481	correct parts of speech		3, Tracks			shorter than me. What is(longer/shorter)? They	usı
T482-T483	(5).	*Rhythm	10-12			both have Dolphins have Fish have	or
						They both They both have and The	4.
	Objectives: SWBAT	*Rhyme	*Teacher's			had/doesn't/didn't have The difference	5.
			Resource			between and is He likes to but my	des
	*Use context clues	*Conclusion	Book,			dad likes to We think both girls and boys can	co
	related words		Master 77				
		*Illustrate					Ac
	*Use pronouns					Intermediate:	1.0
		*Compare				Bothand can Both and arecan	mo
	*Use verbs correctly					but cantis They both have,	2.0
						buthave They are both	ex
	*Distinguish literary						wr
	forms and purposes					Early Advanced/ Advanced:	3 . <i>A</i>
						Aiscompared to aandare similar	Na
						because they both They are different because,	the
						and, They way they alike is that they both	4.
						are/have There are several major differences	bet
						between and They resemble each other because	per
						they both have and A notable difference is that	
						thehas, whereas thehas Despite the fact	
						that, they are You might think On the	
						contrary,	

Function Practice

S12-13- Oral language strategies described on these pages of Teacher's Edition.

Note: Suggestions for Beginning level include producing language while working with concrete objects, acting out scenarios and sorting objects. At the beginning their responses might include no words, just pointing etc. Then they will progress to one word responses.

Everyday Application:

I.Explain preferences. I like pizza. It takes better than namburgers.

2.Compare everyday events and objects such as weather, classroom objects, pets, or sports.

3. Play a guessing game about everyday objects--why do they sound like, what color are they, where are they usually found, who uses them, etc... in groups of two or three.

4. Play "I Spy." in groups of two or three.

5. Play card or board games calling on use of descriptive phrases that can be turned into comparatives.

Academic Application:

1.Compare one habitat to another. ie. deserts to nountains.

2.Compare two different objects, characters, stories and explain differences and similarities orally and in writing.

3.Avenues Application: Read Theme library story: The Name Jar by Yang Sook Choi. Students compare hemselves to the character.

4. Students compare the similarities and differences between the poems as well as relate them to their personal experiences.